This gift includes the ideas of	, pleading, en-			
couraging, warning, strengthening, and	At one			
time, the gift may be used to persuade a believer to				
from a sin or bad habit and at a later time to	the			
same person to maintain his correct behaviour. The gift may be used				
to admonish the church as a whole to obedience to the Word.				
One who exhorts may be used of God to encourage and				
a weak believer who is facing a difficult trial or per-				
sistent temptation. It can be also used to	a person			
who is suffering or facing trouble physically or emotionally.				
who is suffering or facing trouble physically or e				
who is suffering or facing trouble physically or e				
who is suffering or facing trouble physically or e	motionally.			
	motionally. prophecy			
In summary, it might be said that, just as	motionally. prophecy natically			
In summary, it might be said that, just as the truth and teaching system	motionally.  prophecy natically lievers to			
In summary, it might be said that, just as the truth and teaching system the truth, exhortation calls be	motionally.  prophecy natically lievers to th, to live as Christians			

## "No Pain; No Gain" 2

## Spiritual Gifts, Part 4 Text: Romans 12:6-8; 1 Corinthians 1:28

2. M	or helps (Roman	s 12:7a; 1 Corinthians 12:28)
		se root word is (διάκονος) dia- (Acts 6:3-4)
. Helps is the gift of	i	in the broadest sense of helping
and	others in day to c	day, often unnoticed, ways. It is
the same gift as that of	ministry. It means	s to take the
off someone else and <sub>_</sub>		_ it on oneself. That gift is one
of the most widely distr	ributed of any, and	d is a gift that is immeasurable
important in supporting	those who ministe	er with other gifts.
The gift of helps/ minis	try is not glamoroເ	us or showy and often is not
highly	or	But it is God's gift,
and its faithful ministry	is highly prized by	y Him and by any leader who
knows the value of sup	porting people	the scenes.
This gift applies beyon	d the office of the	and is the
idea in Paul's charge to	o the Ephesians el	lders to "help the weak (Acts
20:35). The gift of min	istry/ helps is man	nifested in every sort of
hel	p that Christians c	can give one another in Jesus'
name		

J	(12:7b; Romans 12	2:7)	Regular systematic teaching of the word of God is the
refer to the that content.  The Chris ability to	as well as as well as at a well as	mparting knowledge and can the act of  nely gifted with the special God's truth ace between teaching and the distinction between the	function of the pastor- teacher. He is required to be "apt to teach" (1 Timothy 3:2) and to hold "fast the faithful word as he hath been taught, that he may be able by sound doctrine both to exhort and to convince the gainsayers." Titus 1:9 Pastors are not the only ones the Lord and empowers to teach. But if the pastor's ministry is to be judged, among other things, on the soundness of his teachings, then it seems reasonable to assume that, in some measure, he should have the of teaching.
ability to	and the abilit	y to give systematic and reg-	todo:mig.
ular	in God's Word.		4 (12:8)
(Acts 2:42). Par	•	egular and	The connotation of this gifts is broad which is why we have said to view each individual gift as a "category".
Other examples of teaching in the Bible:			Both the verb and noun form of this word come from the same
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Paul's charge to		two Greek words ( <i>Para</i> and <i>Kaleo</i> ) and have the literal meaning of calling someone to one's They are closely related to <i>parakletos</i> (advocate,, helper), a title Jesus used both of (John 14:16) and of the (John 14:16, 26; 15:26; 16:7) In 1 John 2:1, this word is translated " " referring to Jesus Christ.